

Mobile Liquid Crystal Displays Group

# LQ036Q1DA01 TFT-LCD Module

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T	SPECIFICATION FOR FT−LCD		le
DATA	APPROVAL		
BY		PRESENTED <u>BY</u> DEPARTMENT GEN Development De Design Center MOBILE LCD GRO SHARP CORPORAT	partment <b>V</b> I UP

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### **RECORDS OF REVISION**

#### MODEL No: LQ036Q1DA01

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	NO.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
2004.06 .30	LCP-04030	-	-	1 st Issue
2004.08 .07	LCP-04030A		Power Consumption	Correction
2004.09 .10	LCP-04030B	12	Contrast raito (OptimumViewing angle)	Addition
			Contrast raito $(\theta = 0^\circ)$	Correction
			Brightness	Change
			Outline Dimmension	Addition
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#### (1) Application

This specification applies to LQ036Q1DA01.

#### (2) Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, an FPC, a back light, a front sealed casing and a back sealed casing. It isn't composed control circuit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $320 \times 3 \times 240$  dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying. Optimum view angle is 6 o'clock. An inverted display mode is selective in the vertical or the horizontal direction.

This module is Lead-free design.

#### (3) Mechanical specifications

Table 1			
Parameter	Specifications	Units	Remarks
Screen size (Diagonal)	9.1 [3.6"] Diagonal	cm	
Display active area	72.5 (H) $\times$ 54.4 (V)	mm	
Pixel format	320(H)×240(V)	pixels	-
	(1 pixel = R+G+B dots)	pixeis	
Pixel pitch	$0.076~({ m H})~ imes 0.227~({ m V})$	mm	
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe		
Display mode	Normally white		
Unit outline dimension	82.8(W)×69.7(H)×3.3(D)	mm	[Note3-1]
Mass	37	g	
Surface treatment	3 H		

[Note 3-1]

Excluding protrusion. For detailed measurements and tolerances, please refer to Fig. 1.

#### (4) Pixel configuration



(5) Input / Output terminal

Table	2		Recommendation CN :	FF00251SS1 (JAE)
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remarks
1	VEE	-	Power supply of gate driver (low level)	
2	NC	-		
3	MOD	Ι	Control signal of gate driver	[Note5-1]
4	U/L	Ι	Selection for vertical scanning direction	[Note5-2]
5	SPS	Ι	Start signal of gate driver	
6	CLS	I	Clock signal of gate driver	
7	VDD	-	Power supply of gate driver (high level)	
8	LBR	Ι	Selection for horizontal scanning direction	[Note5-3]
9	DGND	-	Ground (digital)	
10	B5	Ι	BLUE data signal (MSB)	
11	B4	I	BLUE data signal	
12	B3	Ι	BLUE data signal	
13	B2	I	BLUE data signal	
14	B1	Ι	BLUE data signal	
15	BO	Ι	BLUE data signal (LSB)	
16	DGND	-	Ground (digital)	
17	VSHD	-	Power supply of digital	
18	LP	Ι	Data latch signal of source driver	
19	SPR	I/O	Sampling start signal	
20	DGND		Ground (digital)	
21	DCLK	I	Data sampling clock signal	
22	DGND	•	Ground (digital)	
23	VSHA	-	Power supply (analog)	
24	AGND	-	Ground (Analog)	
25	V0	Ι	Standard voltage to generate gray scale voltage	
26	V1	Ι	Standard voltage to generate gray scale voltage	
27	V2	I	Standard voltage to generate gray scale voltage	
28	V3	Ι	Standard voltage to generate gray scale voltage	
29	V4	I	Standard voltage to generate gray scale voltage	
30	DGND	-	Ground (digital)	
31	G5	Ι	GREEN data signal (MSB)	
32	G4	Ι	GREEN data signal	
33	G3	Ι	GREEN data signal	
34	G2	Ι	GREEN data signal	
35	G1	I-	GREEN data signal	
36	GO	Ι	GREEN data signal (LSB)	
37	DGND	-	Ground (digital)	
38	R5	Ι	RED data signal (MSB)	
39	R4	I	RED data signal	
40	R3	Ι	RED data signal	

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Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remarks
41	R2	I	RED data signal	
42	R1	I	RED data signal	
43	RO	I	RED data signal (LSB)	
44	DGND	-	Ground (digital)	
45	SPL	I/O	Sampling start signal	
46	PS	I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
47	CS	I	CS electrode driving signal	
48	VCOM	I	Common electrode driving signal	[Note5-4]
49	LED_A	•	Power supply for LED(High voltage)	
50	NC	-		
51	LED_C	-	Power supply for LED(Low voltage)	

[Note5-1] See section(7-1)-(A) "%Cautions when you turn on or off the power supply".

[Note5-2] Selection for vertical scanning direction

Table 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
U/L	Scanning direction(Pixel configuration)
Low	Normal scanning $(X,1)$
	(X,240)
High	Inverted scanning (X,1)
	$\uparrow$
	(X,240)

[Note5-3] Selection for horizontal scanning direction

Table 4

LBR	SPL	SPR	Scanning direction(Pixel configuration
High	Input	Output	Normal scanning $(1,Y) \rightarrow (320,Y)$
Low	Output	Input	Inverted scanning $(1,Y) \leftarrow (320,Y)$

[Note5-4] See section(7-1)-(A) and [Note7-6] .

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#### (6) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Power supply(source/Analog)	VSHA	Ta=25℃	-0.3~+7.0	V	
Power supply(source/Digital)	VSHD	Ta=25℃	-0.3~+7.0	V	
Power supply (gate)	VDD	Ta=25℃	-0.3~+35.0	v	
Power supply (gate)	VDD-VEE	Ta=25℃	-0.3~+35.0	V	
Input voltage (Analog)	VIA	Ta=25℃	-0.3~VSHA+0.3	V	[Terminal①]
Input voltage (Digital)	VID	Ta=25℃	-0.3~VSHD+0.3	V	[Terminal@]
Operating temperature	Topp		-10~60	°C	[Note6-1]
(panel surface)					
Storage temperature	Tstg		-20~70	°C	[Note6-1]

[Terminal]] V0,V1,V2,V3,V4

[Terminal@] MOD,SPS,CLS,U/L,SPL,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,PS,LP,DCLK,LBR,SPR

[Note6-1] Humidity: 95%RH Max.(at Ta  $\leq 40^{\circ}$ C). Maximum wet-bulb temperature is less than 39°C (at Ta > 40°C). Condensation of dew must be avoided.

(7) Electrical characteristics

7-1) Recommended operating conditions

A) TFT-LCD panel driving section

Table 6   GND=0V							GND=0V
Parai	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Supply voltage for	VSHA	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	v		
(Analog)							
Supply voltage for	source driver	VSHD	+2.7	+3.3	+3.6	V	
(Digital)							
Standard input vol	tage	V0~V4	0	-	VSHA	• <b>V</b>	[Note 7-1]
Supply voltage	High voltage	VDD	+14.5	+15.0	+15.5	V	
for gate driver	Low voltage	VEE	-12.5	-12.0	-11.5	V	
Input voltage for S	ource driver (Low)	VILS	GND	-	0.2VSHD	V	
Input voltage for So	ource driver (High)	VIHS	0.8VSHD	-	VSHD	V	[Note 7-2]
Input current for S	IILS	-	-	30	$\mu \mathbf{A}$		
		IIHS1	-	-	30	$\mu A$	[Note 7-3]
Input current for So	ource driver (High)	IIHS2	-	-	1200	$\mu \mathbf{A}$	[Note 7-4]
Input voltage for G	ate driver (Low)	VILG	GND	-	0.2VSHD	V	
Input voltage for G	ate driver (High)	VIHG	0.8VSHD	-	VSHD	V	[Note 7-5]
Input current for G	ate driver (Low)	IILG	-	-	15	$\mu A$	
Input current for Gate driver (High)		IIHG	-	-	15	$\mu A$	
Common electrode	ommon electrode AC component			$\pm 2.5$	-	Vp-p	[Note 7-6]
driving signal	l DC component		0	+1.0	+2.0	V	
CS electrode	AC component	VCSAC	-	VCOMAC	-	Vp-p	[Note 7-7]
driving signal	DC component	VCSDC	VCOMDC	VCOMDC	VCOMDC	V	
			- 6.0	- 6.5	- 7.0		

Cautions when you turn on or off the power supply

① Turn on or off the power supply with simultaneously or the following sequence.



- <sup>(2)</sup> The input signal of "MOD" Terminals (Pin No.3) must be low voltage when turning on the power supply and it is held until more than double vertical periods after VSHD is turned on completely and DATA is turned on completely. After then, it must be held high voltage until turning off the power supply.
- [Note 7-1] These are standard input voltages for gray scale. When VCOM is alternated polarity, these voltage should be alternated polarity. V0 (black) is different polarity alternating signal of VCOM. V4 (white) is the same polarity alternating signal of VCOM. Center voltage of each standard input voltage shift positive way for LCD characteristics (V0→V1→V2→V3→V4). This sift amount is adjusted so as to no flicker of each standard input voltage after DC bias voltage of VCOM and V0 is adjusted.
- [Note 7-2] DCLK,SPL,SPR,LBR,LP,PS,R0~R5,G0~G5 and B0~B5 terminals are applied.
- [Note 7-3] DCLK,SPL,SPR.LBR,LP,R0~R5,G0~G5 and B0~B5 terminals are applied.
- [Note 7-4] PS terminal is applied.
- [Note 7-5] MOD,CLS,SPS and U/L terminals are applied.
- [Note 7-6] VCOMAC should be alternated on VCOMDC every 1 horizontal period and 1 vertical period. VCOMDC bias is adjusted so as to minimize flicker or maximum contrast every each module.
- [Note 7-7] CS electrode driving signal should have the same phase and the amplitude as that for Common electrode driving signal.
  - B) Back light driving section

Table 7			•	·		Ta=25℃
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED voltage	VL	<b>20</b>	25.9	29.4	V	
LED current	IL	-	17	20	mA	
Power consumption	WL	-	440	588	mW	[Note 7-8]

[Note 7-8] Calculated reference value( $IL \times VL$ ).

7-2) Timing Characteristics of input signals

(VSHA=+5.0V, VSHD=+3.3V, Ta=2	=25°C)
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Table 8AC Characteristics(VSHA=+5.0V, VSHD=+3.3V, Ta=25°C)								
Paramete	er	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Clock fre	Clock frequency of source driver		4.5	-	12	MHz		
	Rising time of clock	Tcr	-	-	20	ns		
	Falling time of clock	Tcf	-	-	20	ns	DCLK	
	Pulse width (High level)	Tcwh	40	-	-	ns		
	Pulse width (Low level)	Tcwl	40	-	-	ns		
	Frequency of start pulse	Fsp	12.5	-	20	kHz		
C	Setup time of start pulse	Tsusp	15	-	-	ns	SPL,SPR	
Source driver	Hold time of start pulse	Thsp	10	-		ns		
ariver	Pulse width of start pulse	Twsp	-	-	1.5/FCK	ns	[Note 7-9]	
	Setup time of latch pulse	Tsulp	20	-	-	ns		
	Hold time of latch pulse	Thlp	20	-	-	ns	LP	
	Pulse width of latch pulse	Twlp	60	-	-	ns		
	Setup time of PS	Tsups	0	-	-	$\mu$ s	DC	
	Hold time of PS	Thps	0	-	-	μs	PS	
Set up tir	Set up time of data		15	-	-	ns	R0~R5,G0~G5	
Hold time	e of data	Thd	10	-	-	ns	, B0∼B5	
	Clock frequency	Fcls	12.5	-	20	kHz		
	Pulse width of clock(Low)	Twlcls	5	-	(1/Fcls)-25	μs		
	Pulse width of clock(High)	Twhcls	25	-	-	$\mu$ s		
	Rising time of clock	Trcls	• .	-	100	ns	CLS	
	Falling time of clock	Tfcls	-	-	100	ns		
Gate	Setup time of clock	Tsucls	3	-	-	$\mu$ s		
driver	Hold time of clock	Thcls	0	-	-	$\mu$ s		
	Frequency of start pulse	Fsps	50	-	78	Hz		
	Setup time of start pulse	Tsusps	100	-	*	ns		
	Hold time of start pulse	Thsps	300	-	-	ns	SPS	
	Rising time of start pulse	Trsps	•	-	100	ns		
	Falling time of start pulse	Tfsps	-	-	100	ns		
Vcom	Setup time of Vcom	Tsuvcom	0	-	-	μs	Vcom、CS	
	Hold time of Vcom	Thycom	1	-	-	μs		

[Note 7-9] There must be only one up-edge of DCLK (includes Tsusp and Thsp time) in the period of SPL="Hi".



Fig.(a) Horizontal timing chart





Fig.(b) Vertical timing chart

#### 7-3) Power consumption

Measurement condition : SPS=60Hz,CLS= 15.73 kHz, SPL= 15.73 kHz, DCLK= 6.3 MHz

The term of PS="Lo" in one horizontal period  $\cdots$  44  $\mu$  sec(280DCLK) Ta=25°C

Table 9			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••					•····
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remarks
Source	Analog	ISHA	VSHA=+5.0V	-	3.5	4.0	mA	[Note 7-10]
current	Digital	ISHD	VSHD=+3.3V	-	1.4	2.0	mA	[Note 7-11]
Gate	High	IDD	VDD=+15.0V	-	0.04	0.1	mA	[Note 7-10]
current	Low	IEE	VEE=-12.0V		-0.04	-0.1	mA	[Note 7-10]

[Note 7-10] 64-Gray-bar vertical pattern (GS0  $\sim$  GS63 for horizontal way)

[Note 7-11] Vertical stripe pattern alternating 21 gray scale (GS21) with 42 gray scale (GS42) every 1 dot.

(8) Input Signals, Basic Display Color and Gray Scale of Each Color

Table 10

	Table 10																			
	Colors &	Data sig							gnal						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Gray scale	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
		Scale																		
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	. 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
asic	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic color	Red		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
' Sce	仓	$\downarrow$			1	L						L					1			
ıle o	Û	$\downarrow$		$\checkmark$					$\downarrow$						$\checkmark$					
f rec	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Γ	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ω	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	Û	$\checkmark$			1	L I											1	/		
e of	Û	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$					↓						$\checkmark$					
of green	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ä .	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Jray	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sca	Û	$\mathbf{A}$			1	6					1						4	,		
le o	Û	$\downarrow$	$\checkmark$			$\downarrow$						$\checkmark$								
Gray Scale of bleu	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
Ë	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Bleu	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
L			L						·					I						

0: Low level voltage 1: High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

#### (9) Optical characteristics

Table 11	-			(VSHA=+	5V, VSHD	=+3.3V, V	DD=+15V, V	EE=-12V ,Ta=25°C)
Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle		θ21,22		70	80	-	degree	
range		θ11	CR≥5	70	80	-	degree	[Note 9-1,2,4]
		θ12		40	50	-	degree	
Contrast ratio		CR	Optimum Viewing angle	400	500	-	-	[Note 9-2,4]
	·			200	300	-	-	[Note 9-2]
Response	Rise	τr	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	15	30	ms	[Note 9-3]
time	Fall	τd		-	30	50	ms	
White chromaticity		x		0.250	0.300	0.350	-	
				0.270	0.320	0.370	+	
Red chi	Red chromaticity			*	0.580	-	-	
		у		-	0.340	-	•	
Green chromaticity		x		-	0.330	-	-	
······································		у		*	0.540	-	•	
Blue chromaticity		x		-	0.140	-	-	
		у		· •	0.120	-	-	
Brightness		Y		200	280	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>L</sub> =17mA

\* The measuring method of the optical characteristics is shown by the following figure.

\* A measurement device is TOPCON luminance meter SR-3.(Viewing cone 1)



#### Measuring method (b) for optical characteristics

[Note 9-1] Viewing angle range is defined as follows.



[Note 9-4] A measurement device is ELDIM EZContrast

#### (10) Display quality

SHARP

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standards for TFT-LCD.

(11) Mechanical characteristics

11-1) External appearance

See Fig. 1

- 11-2) FPC characteristics
  - ①Specific connector

FF0251SS1(JAE)

2 Bending endurance of the bending slits portion(See Fig.1):

No line of the FPC is broken for the bending test (Bending radius=0.6mm and angle=90°) in 30 cycles.

#### (12) Handling Precautions

12-1) Insertion and taking out of FPC

Be sure insert and take out of the FPC into the connector of the set after turning off the power supply on the set side.

12-2) Handling of FPC

FPC shall be bent only slit portion. The bending slit ① shall be bent uniformly on the whole slit portion with bending radius larger than 0.6mm ,and only inner side (back side of the module).

Don't bend it outer side (display surface side).

Don't give the FPC too much force, for example, hanging the module with holding FPC.

- 12-3) Installation of the module
  - ① On mounting the module, be sure to fix the module on the same plane. Take care not to warp or twist the module.
  - ② In case that no protective plate is attached on the panel surface, pay attention to the following points. In order to avoid the electrostatic discharge, design the cabinet with grounded conductive sheet inside and cover the module include edge of the polarizer with it
- 12-4) Precaution when mounting
  - ① The polarizer can be easily scratched. Handle it with sufficient care.
  - ② If water droplets and oil attaches to it for a long time, discoloration and staining occurs. Wipe them off immediately.
  - ③ Glass is used for the TFT-LCD panel. If it is dropped or bumped against a hard object, it may be broken. Handle it with sufficient care.
  - ④ As the CMOS IC is used in this module, pay attention to static electricity when handling it. Take a measure for grounding on the human body.

#### 12-5) Others

- ① The liquid-crystal is deteriorated by ultraviolet rays. Do not leave it in direct sunlight and strong ultraviolet rays for many hours.
- ② If it is kept at a temperature below the rated storage temperature, it becomes coagulated and the panel may be broken. Also, if it is kept at a temperature above the rated storage temperature, it becomes isotropic liquid and does not return to its original state. Therefore, it is desirable to keep it at room temperature as much as possible.
- ③ If the LCD breaks, don't put internal liquid crystal into the mouth. When the liquid crystal sticks to the hands, feet and clothes, wash it out immediately.
- (4) Wipe off water drop or finger grease immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- (5) Observe general precautions for all electronic components.
- (6) VCOM must be adjusted on condition of your final product. No adjustment causes the deterioration for display quality.
- ⑦ Static image should not be displayed more than 5 minutes in order to prevent from occurrence of residual image.
- (8) The LCD module has shield sheet to avoid light-leak from the LCD Panel's peripheral area (outside of Black Mask in the panel fringe).

However, at a dark circumstance, refracted light in the module inside can be visible through the slit between the Black Mask and Metal Bezel. Please pay attention to the above for your enclosure design.

#### (13) Forwarding form

- a) Piling number of cartons: MAX. 8
- b) Package quantity in one cartons: 1 0 0 pcs.
- c) Carton size: 5 7 5 mm(W)  $\times$  3 6 0 mm(D)  $\times$  2 2 5 mm(H)
- d) Total mass of 1 carton filled with full modules: 7700g

Fig.2 shows packing form.

#### Environment

(1)Temperature	: 0∼40°C
(2)Humidity	: 60%RH or less (at 40°C)
	No dew condensation at low temperature and high humidity.
(3)Atmosphere	: Harmful gas, such as acid or alkali which bites electronic
	components and/or wires, must not be detected.
(4)Period	: about 3 months
(5)Opening of the package	: In order to prevent the LCD module from breakdown by
	electrostatic charges, please control the room humidity
	over 50%RH and open the package taking sufficient
	countermeasures against electrostatic charges, such as
	earth, etc.

(14)Reliability Test Conditions for TFT-LCD Module

Tabl	e 12	•
No.	Test items	Test conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=+70°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 240h
3	High temperature and high	
	humidity operating test	(But no condensation of dew)
4	High temperature operating test	Tp=+60°C 240h
5	Low temperature operating test	Tp=-10°C 240h
6	Electro static discharge test	$\pm 200 \mathrm{V} \cdot 200 \mathrm{pF}(0 \Omega)$
		1 time for each terminals
7	Shock test	$980 \text{ m/s}^2$ , $6 \text{ ms}$
		$\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ 3 times for each direction
		(JIS C0041, A-7 Condition C)
8	Vibration test	Frequency range: 10Hz~55Hz
		Stroke: 1.5 mm Sweep: 10Hz~55Hz
		X,Y,Z 2 hours for each direction( total 6 hours)
		(JIS C0040, A-10 Condition A)
9	Heat shock test	Ta= $20^{\circ}C \sim +70^{\circ}C / 5$ cycles
		(1h) (1h)

[Note] Ta = Ambient temperature, Tp = Panel temperature

[Check items] In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function.

#### (15) Others

15-1) Indication of lot number

The lot number is shown on a label. Attached location is shown in Fig.1 (Outline Dimensions).

Indicated contents of the label



15-2) Used Regulation of Chemical Substances Breaking Ozone Stratum

Substances with the object of regulation : CFCS, Carbon tetrachloride, Halon

1,1,1-Trichloro ethane (Methyl chloroform)

- (a) This LCD module, Constructed part and Parts don't contain the above substances.
- (b) This LCD module, Constructed part and Parts don't contain the above substances in processes of manufacture.

15-3) If some problems arise about mentioned items in this document and other items, the user of the TFT-LCD module and Sharp will cooperate and make efforts to solve the problems with mutual respect and good will.



1.01

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#### Fig.2 forwarding Form

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